

The full metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into λ -fold triple systems

Selda Küçükçifçi* and Emine Şule Yazıcı

Department of Mathematics, Koç University
Rumelifeneri Yolu, 34450, Sarıyer, Istanbul, TURKEY
skucukcifci@ku.edu.tr and eyazici@ku.edu.tr

Curt Lindner

Department of Mathematics and Statistics,
Auburn University, AL 36849-5307, USA
lindncc@auburn.edu

Abstract

Let (X, B) be a λ -fold block design with block size 4. If a star is removed from each block of B the resulting collection of triangles T is a partial λ -fold triple system (X, T) . If the edges belonging to the deleted stars can be arranged into a collection of triangles S^* , then $(X, T \cup S^*)$ is a λ -fold triple system, called a metamorphosis of the λ -fold block design (X, B) into a λ -fold triple system. Label the elements of each block b with b_1, b_2, b_3 , and b_4 (in any manner). For each $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$ define a set of triangles T_i and a set of stars S_i as follows: for each block $b = [b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4]$ belonging to B , partition b into a triangle and a star centered at b_i , and place the triangle in

*Research supported in part by Turkish Academy of Sciences for the first author.

T_i and the star in S_i . Then (X, T_i) is a partial λ -fold triple system. Now if the edges belonging to the stars in S_i can be arranged into a collection of triangles S_i^* , then $(X, T_i \cup S_i^*)$ is a λ -fold triple system and we say that $M_i = (X, T_i \cup S_i^*)$ is the i th metamorphosis of (X, B) . The full metamorphosis of (X, B) is the set of four metamorphoses $\{M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4\}$. The purpose of this work is to give a complete solution of the following problem: For which n and λ does there exist a λ -fold block design with block size 4 having a full metamorphosis into λ -fold triple systems?

1 Introduction

A λ -fold block design with block size k is a pair (X, B) , where B is a collection of edge disjoint copies of K_k which partitions the edge set of λK_n with vertex set X . The copies of K_k are called blocks.

Let (X, B) be a λ -fold block design with block size 4 and label the elements of each block b with b_1, b_2, b_3 , and b_4 (in any manner). For each $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$ define a set of triangles T_i and a set of stars S_i as follows: for each block $b = [b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4]$ belonging to B partition b into a triangle and a star centered at b_i , and place the triangle in T_i and the star in S_i . Then (X, T_i) is a partial λ -fold triple system (that is, a λ -fold block design with block size 3). Now if the stars in S_i can be arranged into a collection of triangles S_i^* , then $(X, T_i \cup S_i^*)$ is a λ -fold triple system and it is a metamorphosis of a λ -fold block design with block size 4 into a λ -fold triple system, as defined in [7]. We will refer to $M_i = (X, T_i \cup S_i^*)$ as the i th metamorphosis of (X, B) . Observe that the center of the star corresponding to each block b is different in each metamorphosis M_i .

The full metamorphosis of (X, B) is a set of four metamorphoses $\{M_1, M_2, M_3, M_4\}$.

In what follows, a λ -fold block design will always mean a λ -fold block design with block size 4 and we will denote the edge sets of K_3 and K_4 by their vertex sets.

Example 1.1 (*Full metamorphosis of a block design of order 13 into triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{13}$ and block set B , where

$B = \{[0, 1, 4, 6], [1, 2, 5, 7], [2, 3, 8, 6], [3, 7, 4, 9], [4, 8, 5, 10], [5, 11, 9, 6], [6, 7, 12, 10], [7, 8, 11, 0], [8, 9, 12, 1], [2, 10, 9, 0], [11, 1, 3, 10], [4, 2, 12, 11], [5, 3, 12, 0]\}$. Then $M_i = T_i \cup S_i^*$ where

$T_1 = \{\{1, 4, 6\}, \{2, 5, 7\}, \{3, 8, 6\}, \{7, 4, 9\}, \{8, 5, 10\}, \{11, 9, 6\}, \{7, 12, 10\}, \{8, 11, 0\}, \{9, 12, 1\}, \{10, 9, 0\}, \{1, 3, 10\}, \{2, 12, 11\}, \{3, 12, 0\}\}$;

$T_2 = \{\{0, 4, 6\}, \{1, 5, 7\}, \{2, 8, 6\}, \{3, 4, 9\}, \{4, 5, 10\}, \{5, 9, 6\}, \{6, 12, 10\}, \{7, 11, 0\}, \{8, 12, 1\}, \{2, 9, 0\}, \{11, 3, 10\}, \{4, 12, 11\}, \{5, 12, 0\}\}$;

$T_3 = \{\{0, 1, 6\}, \{1, 2, 7\}, \{2, 3, 6\}, \{3, 7, 9\}, \{4, 8, 10\}, \{5, 11, 6\}, \{6, 7, 10\}, \{7, 8, 0\}, \{8, 9, 1\}, \{2, 10, 0\}, \{11, 1, 10\}, \{4, 2, 11\}, \{5, 3, 0\}\}$;

$T_4 = \{\{0, 1, 4\}, \{1, 2, 5\}, \{2, 3, 8\}, \{3, 7, 4\}, \{4, 8, 5\}, \{5, 11, 9\}, \{6, 7, 12\}, \{7, 8, 11\}, \{8, 9, 12\}, \{2, 10, 9\}, \{11, 1, 3\}, \{4, 2, 12\}, \{5, 3, 12\}\}$; and

$S_1^* = \{\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 4, 5\}, \{0, 6, 7\}, \{1, 5, 11\}, \{1, 7, 8\}, \{2, 3, 4\}, \{2, 6, 10\}, \{2, 8, 9\}, \{3, 5, 9\}, \{3, 7, 11\}, \{4, 8, 12\}, \{4, 10, 11\}, \{5, 6, 12\}\}$;

$S_2^* = \{\{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 8, 10\}, \{1, 2, 4\}, \{1, 6, 11\}, \{1, 9, 10\}, \{2, 3, 12\}, \{2, 5, 11\}, \{2, 7, 10\}, \{3, 5, 8\}, \{3, 6, 7\}, \{4, 7, 8\}, \{7, 9, 12\}, \{8, 9, 11\}\}$;

$S_3^* = \{\{0, 4, 12\}, \{0, 9, 11\}, \{1, 3, 4\}, \{1, 5, 12\}, \{2, 5, 8\}, \{2, 9, 12\}, \{3, 8, 11\}, \{3, 10, 12\}, \{4, 5, 7\}, \{4, 6, 9\}, \{5, 9, 10\}, \{6, 8, 12\}, \{7, 11, 12\}\}$;

$S_4^* = \{\{0, 2, 7\}, \{0, 3, 9\}, \{0, 5, 6\}, \{0, 8, 10\}, \{0, 11, 12\}, \{1, 6, 8\}, \{1, 7, 9\}, \{1, 10, 12\}, \{2, 6, 11\}, \{3, 6, 10\}, \{4, 6, 9\}, \{4, 10, 11\}, \{5, 7, 10\}\}$.

The purpose of this paper is to find a full metamorphosis of (X, B) for each admissible n and λ . If we can give a complete solution of this problem

for $\lambda = 1, 2, 3$, and 6 , we can paste these solutions together to get a solution for all other values of λ . Therefore we will organize our results into four sections: $\lambda = 1, \lambda = 2, \lambda = 3$, and $\lambda = 6$, followed by a summary.

Finally, the interested reader is referred to [3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10] for related work on metamorphosis problems.

2 $\lambda = 1$

It is well-known that the spectrum for block designs with block size 4 is precisely the set of all $n \equiv 1$ or $4 \pmod{12}$ and the spectrum for triple systems is the set of all $n \equiv 1$ or $3 \pmod{6}$. Hence a necessary condition for the existence of a block design having a full metamorphosis into triple systems is $n \equiv 1 \pmod{12}$.

Example 1.1 gives a solution for $n = 13$ and the following examples give solutions for the cases $n = 25, 37$, and 73 .

Example 2.1 (*Full metamorphosis of a block design of order 25 into triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_5 \times \mathbb{Z}_5$, and block set $B = \{[(0 + i, 1 + j), (0 + i, 0 + j), (2 + i, 2 + j), (1 + i, 0 + j)], [(0 + i, 2 + j), (0 + i, 0 + j), (4 + i, 4 + j), (2 + i, 0 + j)] \mid 0 \leq i \leq 4, 0 \leq j \leq 4\}$, where addition is done modulo 5.

Then S_1^* is a partial STS, where the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 4)\}, \{(0, 0), (0, 2), (2, 3)\}$; for S_2^* are $\{(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 1)\}, \{(0, 0), (0, 2), (2, 2)\}$; for S_3^* are $\{(0, 0), (2, 1), (4, 3)\}, \{(0, 0), (1, 1), (4, 2)\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{(0, 0), (1, 4), (4, 0)\}, \{(0, 0), (1, 2), (3, 0)\}$.

Example 2.2 (*Full metamorphosis of a block design of order 37 into triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{37}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 3, 1, 24]$, $[4, 9, 0, 15]$, $[7, 17, 25, 0]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 5\}$, $\{0, 3, 13\}$, $\{0, 7, 18\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 2, 5\}$, $\{0, 6, 16\}$, $\{0, 8, 17\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 1, 9\}$, $\{0, 2, 14\}$, $\{0, 15, 19\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 6, 22\}$, $\{0, 11, 23\}$, $\{0, 7, 20\}$.

Example 2.3 (*Full metamorphosis of a block design of order 73 into triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{73}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 1, 4, 6]$, $[20, 7, 28, 0]$, $[33, 9, 44, 0]$, $[25, 15, 47, 0]$, $[30, 12, 46, 0]$, $[31, 14, 50, 0]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 11\}$, $\{0, 4, 24\}$, $\{0, 6, 25\}$, $\{0, 8, 30\}$, $\{0, 13, 31\}$, $\{0, 16, 33\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 1, 10\}$, $\{0, 3, 18\}$, $\{0, 5, 17\}$, $\{0, 7, 39\}$, $\{0, 13, 37\}$, $\{0, 14, 35\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 2, 21\}$, $\{0, 3, 32\}$, $\{0, 4, 26\}$, $\{0, 8, 36\}$, $\{0, 11, 38\}$, $\{0, 16, 39\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 2, 25\}$, $\{0, 5, 31\}$, $\{0, 6, 15\}$, $\{0, 7, 27\}$, $\{0, 12, 40\}$, $\{0, 14, 43\}$.

Example 2.4 (*A 4 - GDD of type 4^4 having a full metamorphosis into a 3 - GDD of type 4^4 .*)

Let $\mathcal{G} = (X, G, B)$ be a 4 - GDD of type 4^4 where $X = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 16\}$, $G = \{\{0, 1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, 6, 7\}, \{8, 9, 10, 11\}, \{12, 13, 14, 15\}\}$, and $B = \{\{0, 6, 9, 15\}, [1, 7, 8, 14], [2, 5, 11, 13], [3, 4, 10, 12], [0, 4, 11, 14], [1, 5, 10, 15], [2, 7, 9, 12], [3, 6, 8, 13], [7, 10, 13, 0], [6, 11, 12, 1], [4, 8, 15, 2], [5, 9, 14, 3], [5, 8, 12, 0], [4, 9, 13, 1], [6, 10, 14, 2], [7, 11, 15, 3]\}$. Then

$S_1^* = \{\{0, 4, 9\}, \{0, 5, 14\}, \{0, 6, 11\}, \{0, 7, 15\}, \{1, 4, 15\}, \{1, 5, 8\}, \{1, 6, 14\}, \{1, 7, 10\}, \{2, 4, 13\}, \{2, 5, 9\}, \{2, 6, 12\}, \{2, 7, 11\}, \{3, 4, 8\}, \{3, 5, 12\}, \{3, 6, 10\}, \{3, 7, 13\}\}$;

$S_2^* = \{\{0, 4, 8\}, \{0, 6, 10\}, \{1, 5, 9\}, \{1, 7, 11\}, \{2, 5, 8\}, \{2, 7, 10\}, \{3, 4, 9\}, \{3, 6, 11\}, \{4, 10, 14\}, \{4, 11, 12\}, \{5, 10, 13\}, \{5, 11, 15\}, \{6, 8, 15\}, \{6, 9, 13\}, \{7, 8, 12\}, \{7, 9, 14\}\}$;

$S_3^* = \{\{0, 9, 12\}, \{0, 11, 13\}, \{1, 8, 13\}, \{1, 10, 12\}, \{2, 9, 15\}, \{2, 11, 14\}, \{3, 8, 14\}, \{3, 10, 15\}, \{4, 10, 13\}, \{4, 11, 15\}, \{5, 10, 14\}, \{5, 11, 12\}, \{6, 8, 12\}, \{6, 9, 14\}, \{7, 8, 15\}, \{7, 9, 13\}\}$; and

$S_4^* = \{0, 5, 13\}, \{0, 7, 12\}, \{0, 8, 14\}, \{0, 10, 15\}, \{1, 4, 12\}, \{1, 6, 13\}, \{1, 9, 15\}, \{1, 11, 14\}, \{2, 4, 14\}, \{2, 6, 15\}, \{2, 8, 13\}, \{2, 10, 12\}, \{3, 5, 15\}, \{3, 7, 14\}, \{3, 9, 12\}, \{3, 11, 13\}\}$.

With these examples in hand we can give a general construction for all of the remaining cases.

The $12k + 1$ Construction. Suppose $n = 12k + 1$, where $k \geq 4$, $k \neq 6$. Set $X = \{\infty\} \cup \{(i, j) \mid 1 \leq i \leq 3k, 1 \leq j \leq 4\}$.

If $k \equiv 0$ or $1 \pmod{4}$:

(i) On each set $\{\infty\} \cup \{(3i - 2, j), (3i - 1, j), (3i, j) \mid 1 \leq j \leq 4\}$, $1 \leq i \leq k$, place a block design of order 13 having a full metamorphosis into triple systems.

(ii) Take a 4-GDD of type 3^k [2] on $\{1, 2, \dots, 3k\}$ with groups $\{3i - 2, 3i - 1, 3i\}$, $1 \leq i \leq k$. For each block $\{x, y, z, w\}$ in the 4-GDD, place a copy of \mathcal{G} in Example 2.4 on the set $\{x, y, z, w\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ with groups $\{x\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $\{y\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $\{z\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, and $\{w\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.

If $k \equiv 2$ or $3 \pmod{4}$:

(i') On the set $\{\infty\} \cup \{(i, j) \mid 1 \leq i \leq 6, 1 \leq j \leq 4\}$, place a block design of order 25 having a full metamorphosis into triple systems.

(ii') On each set $\{\infty\} \cup \{(3i - 2, j), (3i - 1, j), (3i, j) \mid 1 \leq j \leq 4\}$, for $3 \leq i \leq k$, place a block design of order 13 having a full metamorphosis into triple systems.

(iii') Take a 4-GDD of type $6^1 3^{k-2}$ [1] on $\{1, 2, \dots, 3k\}$ with groups $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ and $\{3i - 2, 3i - 1, 3i\}$, $3 \leq i \leq k$. For each block

$\{x, y, w, z\}$ in the 4-GDD, place a copy of \mathcal{G} in Example 2.4 on the set $\{x, y, z, w\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ with groups $\{x\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $\{y\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $\{z\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, and $\{w\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.

Combining (i) and (ii), ((i'), (ii') and (iii')) gives a block design of order n with block size 4 having a full metamorphosis into triple systems. \square

3 $\lambda = 2$

A necessary condition for the existence of a 2-fold block design having a full metamorphosis into a 2-fold triple system is $n \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$. It is known that a pairwise balanced design (PBD) with block sizes 4 and 7 exists for all $n \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$ except for $n = 10$ or 19 [1]. If we can produce 2-fold block designs of order 4, 7, 10, and 19 having a full metamorphosis, a PBD construction will produce a 2-fold block design having a full metamorphosis into 2-fold triple systems.

Example 3.1 (*Full metamorphosis of a 2-fold block design of order 4 into 2-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the 2-fold block design with $B = \{\{1, 2, 3, 4\}, \{2, 3, 4, 1\}\}$. Then $S_1^* = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 2, 4\}\}$, $S_2^* = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{2, 3, 4\}\}$, $S_3^* = \{\{1, 3, 4\}, \{2, 3, 4\}\}$, and $S_4^* = \{\{1, 2, 4\}, \{1, 3, 4\}\}$.

Example 3.2 (*Full metamorphosis of a 2-fold block design of order 7 into 2-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the 2-fold block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_7$ and block set $B = \{\{0, 2, 3, 4\}, \{1, 3, 5, 4\}, \{2, 4, 5, 6\}, \{3, 5, 6, 0\}, \{6, 0, 4, 1\}, \{0, 5, 1, 2\}, \{1, 2, 6, 3\}\}$. Then

$S_1^* = \{\{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 2, 4\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 3, 6\}, \{1, 2, 6\}, \{1, 3, 5\}, \{1, 4, 6\}\}$;

$S_2^* = \{\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 4, 5\}, \{0, 5, 6\}, \{1, 3, 5\}, \{2, 3, 4\}, \{2, 3, 5\}, \{2, 4, 6\}\}$;

$S_3^* = \{\{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 3, 6\}, \{1, 2, 5\}, \{1, 5, 6\}, \{2, 3, 6\}, \{3, 4, 5\}, \{4, 5, 6\}\}$; and
 $S_4^* = \{\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 3, 4\}, \{0, 5, 6\}, \{1, 3, 4\}, \{1, 4, 6\}, \{2, 3, 6\}, \{2, 4, 5\}\}$.

Example 3.3 (*Full metamorphosis of a 2-fold block design of order 10 into 2-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the 2-fold block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_5 \times \{1, 2\}$ and block set $B = \{[(0+i, 1), (2+i, 1), (4+i, 1), (2+i, 2)], [(0+i, 1), (1+i, 1), (2+i, 2), (4+i, 2)], [(0+i, 1), (1+i, 2), (0+i, 2), (4+i, 2)] \mid 0 \leq i \leq 4\}$, where additions are done modulo 5.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{(0, 1), (1, 1), (0, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (2, 1), (4, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (1, 1), (2, 2)\}$; the starter blocks for S_2^* are $\{(0, 1), (2, 1), (4, 1)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (0, 2), (1, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (1, 2), (3, 2)\}$; the starter blocks for S_3^* are $\{(0, 1), (1, 1), (2, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (2, 1), (0, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 2), (1, 2), (2, 2)\}$; and the starter blocks for S_4^* are $\{(0, 1), (0, 2), (3, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (2, 2), (4, 2)\}$, $\{(0, 1), (3, 2), (4, 2)\}$.

Example 3.4 (*Full metamorphosis of a 2-fold block design of order 19 into 2-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the 2-fold block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{19}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 1, 3, 8], [0, 16, 6, 2], [4, 0, 12, 13]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 3, 11\}, \{0, 4, 10\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 5, 12\}, \{0, 4, 10\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 6, 10\}, \{0, 1, 8\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 1, 5\}, \{0, 2, 9\}, \{0, 5, 11\}$.

Lemma 3.5 *There exists a 2-fold block design of order n having a full metamorphosis into 2-fold triple systems if and only if $n \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$.*

Proof The cases $n = 4, 7, 10$, and 19 are handled in Examples 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, and 3.4. For the remaining cases take a PBD of order n with block sizes 4 and 7, and place a 2-fold block design of order 4 or 7 having a full metamorphosis into 2-fold triple systems on each block. \square

4 $\lambda = 3$

A necessary condition for the existence of a 3-fold block design of order n having a full metamorphosis into 3-fold triple systems is $n \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$. It is known that a PBD with block sizes 5, 9, and 13 exists for all $n \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ except for $n = 17, 29, 33$ [2]. So we need 3-fold block designs of order 5, 9, 17, 29, and 33 having a full metamorphosis. Note that we have a solution for $n = 13$ in Example 1.1.

Example 4.1 (*Full metamorphosis of a 3-fold block design of order 5 into 3-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_5$, block set B , and starter block $[0, 1, 2, 3]$.

Then the starter block for S_1^* is $\{0, 1, 3\}$; for S_2^* is $\{0, 1, 2\}$; for S_3^* is $\{0, 1, 2\}$; and for S_4^* is $\{0, 2, 3\}$.

Example 4.2 (*Full metamorphosis of a 3-fold block design of order 9 into triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_9$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 3, 5, 8], [2, 0, 3, 4]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 2, 5\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 3, 7\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 1, 3\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 1, 5\}, \{0, 1, 3\}$.

Example 4.3 (*Full metamorphosis of a 3-fold block design of order 17 into 3-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{17}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 1, 4, 6], [0, 2, 8, 12], [0, 4, 16, 7], [0, 8, 15, 14]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 6\}, \{0, 1, 9\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 2, 4\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 3, 9\}, \{0, 4, 10\}, \{0, 5, 10\}, \{0, 1, 3\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 3, 11\}$,

$\{0, 2, 4\}$, $\{0, 1, 8\}$, $\{0, 1, 5\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 5, 12\}$, $\{0, 6, 9\}$, $\{0, 2, 3\}$, $\{0, 4, 11\}$.

Example 4.4 (*Full metamorphosis of a 3-fold block design of order 29 into 3-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{29}$ and block set $B = \{[0 + i, 4^x + i, 4^{x+1} + i, 11 \cdot 4^x + i] \mid 0 \leq i \leq 28, 0 \leq x \leq 6\}$, where addition is done modulo 29.

Then, the starter blocks of S_1^* and S_3^* are $\{0, 1, 3\}$, $\{0, 1, 5\}$, $\{0, 4, 9\}$, $\{0, 6, 16\}$, $\{0, 6, 17\}$, $\{0, 7, 15\}$, $\{0, 7, 16\}$ and the starter blocks of S_2^* and S_4^* are $\{0, 1, 3\}$, $\{0, 2, 15\}$, $\{0, 3, 7\}$, $\{0, 6, 17\}$, $\{0, 8, 17\}$, $\{0, 8, 18\}$, $\{0, 5, 15\}$.

Example 4.5 (*Full metamorphosis of a 3-fold block design of order 33 into 3-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{33}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 3, 9, 21]$, $[0, 6, 8, 28]$, $[0, 12, 16, 23]$, $[0, 5, 15, 19]$, $[0, 1, 2, 9]$, $[0, 6, 7, 15]$, $[0, 3, 5, 16]$, $[0, 3, 13, 17]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 3, 9\}$, $\{0, 2, 16\}$, $\{0, 6, 16\}$, $\{0, 5, 12\}$, $\{0, 1, 16\}$, $\{0, 3, 8\}$, $\{0, 5, 20\}$, $\{0, 3, 12\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 2, 14\}$, $\{0, 6, 15\}$, $\{0, 3, 13\}$, $\{0, 4, 10\}$, $\{0, 3, 14\}$, $\{0, 3, 11\}$, $\{0, 1, 2\}$, $\{0, 1, 6\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 1, 2\}$, $\{0, 2, 10\}$, $\{0, 2, 12\}$, $\{0, 4, 8\}$, $\{0, 4, 11\}$, $\{0, 5, 18\}$, $\{0, 6, 13\}$, $\{0, 7, 16\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 4, 14\}$, $\{0, 4, 16\}$, $\{0, 13, 18\}$, $\{0, 7, 18\}$, $\{0, 7, 19\}$, $\{0, 8, 17\}$, $\{0, 8, 19\}$, $\{0, 9, 20\}$.

Lemma 4.6 *There exists a 3-fold block design of order n having a full metamorphosis into 3-fold triple systems if and only if $n \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$.*

Proof The cases $n = 5, 9, 17, 29$, and 33 are handled in Examples 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, and 4.5. For the remaining cases take a PBD of order n with block sizes 5, 9 and 13 and place a 3-fold block design of order 5, 9, or 13 having a full metamorphosis into 3-fold triple systems on each block. \square

5 $\lambda = 6$

A necessary condition for the existence of a 6-fold block design having a full metamorphosis into a 6-fold triple system is $n \geq 4$. A PBD of order n with block sizes 4, 5, 6, and 7 exists for all $n \geq 4$, except $n = 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 18, 19$, and 23 [2]. Note that there exist solutions for $n = 4, 7, 10, 19$ when $\lambda = 2$ and $n = 5, 9$ when $\lambda = 3$ in Examples 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 4.1, and 4.2. So we need to construct 6-fold block designs of order 6, 8, 11, 12, 14, 15, 18, and 23 having a full metamorphosis.

Example 5.1 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 6 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \{\infty\} \cup \mathbb{Z}_5$, block set B , and starter blocks $[\infty, 0, 1, 2], [0, \infty, 3, 1], [1, 2, 3, 0]$.

Then S_1^* is a partial cyclic STS, where the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 2\}$; for S_2^* are $\{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 2\}$; for S_3^* are $\{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 2\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 3\}$.

Example 5.2 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 8 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \{\infty\} \cup \mathbb{Z}_7$, block set B , and starter blocks $[\infty, 0, 1, 3], [\infty, 0, 1, 3], [0, 2, 3, 4], [0, 2, 3, 4]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{\infty, 1, 4\}, \{\infty, 1, 4\}, \{\infty, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 5\}$; for S_2^* are $\{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 3\}$; for S_3^* are $\{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 4\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 4\}$.

Example 5.3 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 11 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{11}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 1, 4, 6], [0, 2, 8, 1], [0, 4, 5, 2], [0, 8, 10, 4], [0, 5, 9, 8]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 1, 5\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 2, 6\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 4, 5\}, \{0, 2, 3\}, \{0, 3, 5\}, \{0, 4, 6\}, \{0, 3, 4\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 2, 7\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 4, 5\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 3, 4\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 3, 6\}, \{0, 1, 6\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 2, 4\}, \{0, 3, 7\}$.

Example 5.4 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 12 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \{\infty\} \cup \mathbb{Z}_{11}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[\infty, 0, 1, 4], [\infty, 0, 2, 5], [0, 1, 4, 6], [0, 1, 2, 8], [0, 2, 4, 5], [0, 4, 8, 10]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{\infty, 0, 3\}, \{\infty, 0, 4\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 5\}, \{0, 2, 6\}$; for S_2^* are $\{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 6\}, \{0, 4, 8\}, \{0, 5, 10\}$; for S_3^* are $\{\infty, 0, 5\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 2, 4\}, \{0, 4, 8\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{\infty, 0, 3\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 5, 10\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 5, 10\}$.

Example 5.5 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 14 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \{\infty\} \cup \mathbb{Z}_{13}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[6, 0, 1, 4], [12, 0, 2, 8], [11, 0, 3, 4], [9, 0, 6, 8], [5, 0, 3, 12], [\infty, 1, 0, 4], [0, \infty, 7, 2]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 2, 7\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 7\}, \{\infty, 0, 2\}, \{\infty, 0, 6\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 2, 6\}, \{0, 1, 6\}, \{0, 1, 5\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{\infty, 0, 3\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 3, 6\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 1, 6\}, \{\infty, 0, 4\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 1, 5\}, \{0, 2, 6\}, \{0, 4, 5\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 4, 6\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{\infty, 0, 6\}$.

Example 5.6 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 15 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{15}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 2, 5, 6], [0, 4, 10, 12], [0, 5, 8, 9], [0, 1, 3, 10], [0, 1, 6, 8], [0, 1, 3, 4], [0, 2, 6, 10]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 3, 8\}, \{0, 3, 9\}, \{0, 4, 9\}, \{0, 5, 10\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 4, 8\}, \{0, 4, 9\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 2, 7\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 3, 9\}, \{0, 4, 9\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 1, 2\}, \{0, 1, 7\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 3, 8\}, \{0, 4, 8\}, \{0, 4, 9\}$.

Example 5.7 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 18 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \{\infty\} \cup \mathbb{Z}_{17}$, block set B , and starter blocks $[0, 13, 4, 1], [0, 3, 12, 5], [0, 9, 2, 15], [0, 10, 6, 11], [0, 13, 1, 16], [0, 5, 3, 14], [0, 15, 9, 8], [\infty, 0, 3, 7], [0, \infty, 1, 7]$.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^* are $\{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 5, 11\}, \{0, 4, 9\}, \{0, 4, 12\}, \{0, 2, 3\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 2, 10\}, \{\infty, 0, 1\}, \{\infty, 0, 7\}$; for S_2^* are $\{0, 2, 5\}, \{0, 1, 7\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 2, 9\}, \{0, 4, 9\}, \{0, 5, 13\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{\infty, 0, 3\}, \{\infty, 0, 7\}$; for S_3^* are $\{0, 4, 8\}, \{0, 1, 6\}, \{0, 5, 11\}, \{0, 2, 9\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 4, 9\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{0, 1, 3\}, \{\infty, 0, 6\}$; and for S_4^* are $\{0, 1, 6\}, \{0, 2, 8\}, \{0, 3, 7\}, \{0, 2, 10\}, \{0, 1, 6\}, \{0, 5, 6\}, \{0, 1, 4\}, \{0, 3, 10\}, \{\infty, 0, 2\}$.

Example 5.8 (*Full metamorphosis of a 6-fold block design of order 23 into 6-fold triple systems.*)

Let (X, B) be the block design with vertex set $X = \mathbb{Z}_{23}$ and block set $B = \{[0 + i, 2^x + i, 4 \times 2^x + i, 17 \times 2^x + i] \mid 0 \leq i \leq 23, 0 \leq x \leq 10\}$, where addition is done modulo 23.

Then the starter blocks for S_1^*, S_2^*, S_3^* and S_4^* are $\{0, 6 \times 2^j, 13 \times 2^j\}$, $0 \leq j \leq 10$.

Lemma 5.9 *There exists a 6-fold block design of every order $n \geq 4$ having a full metamorphosis into 6-fold triple systems.*

Proof The cases $n = 6, 8, 11, 12, 14, 15, 18$, and 23 are handled in Examples 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, and 5.8. The cases $n = 4, 5, 7, 9, 10$, and 19 are handled in Examples 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 4.1 and 4.2. For the remaining cases take a PBD of order n with block sizes 4, 5, 6 and 7, and place a 6-fold block design of order 4, 5, 6, or 7 having a full metamorphosis into 6-fold triple systems on each block. \square

6 Summary

We can paste together solutions for $\lambda = 1, 2, 3$, and 6 to obtain solutions for all other values of λ . The following table gives a summary of the results in this paper.

$\lambda \pmod{6}$	Spectrum of λ -fold block designs having a full metamorphosis into λ -fold triple systems
1 or 5	$n \equiv 1 \pmod{12}$
2 or 4	$n \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$
3	$n \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$
0	$n \geq 4$

References

- [1] A. E. Brouwer, Optimal packings of K_4 's into K_n , J. Combinatorial Theory A 26 (1979), 278-297.

- [2] C. J. Colbourn, J. H. Dinitz (Eds), *The CRC Handbook of Combinatorial Designs* (1996), CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- [3] S. Küçükçifçi and C. C. Lindner, *The metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into λ -fold kite systems*, JCMCC 40 (2002), 241-252.
- [4] S. Küçükçifçi and C. C. Lindner, *The metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into $K_4 \setminus e$ designs, $\lambda \geq 2$* , Util. Math. 63 (2003), 239-254.
- [5] S. Küçükçifçi, C. C. Lindner, and A. Rosa *The metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into a maximum packing of λK_n with 4-cycles*, Discrete Math. 278 (2004), no. 1-3, 175-193.
- [6] S. Küçükçifçi *The metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into maximum packings of λK_n with kites*, Util. Math. 68 (2005), 165-195.
- [7] C. C. Lindner and A. Rosa, *The metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into λ -fold triple systems*, J. Statist. Plann. Inference 106 (2002), no. 1-2, 69-76.
- [8] C. C. Lindner and A. Rosa, *The metamorphosis of block designs with block size four into $(K_4 \setminus e)$ -designs*, Util. Math. 61 (2002), 33-46.
- [9] C. C. Lindner and Anne Street, *The metamorphosis of λ -fold block designs with block size four into λ -fold 4-cycle systems*, Bulletin of the ICA 28 (2000), 7-18.
- [10] E. S. Yazici, *Metamorphosis of 2-fold 4-cycle systems into maximum packings of 2-fold 6-cycle systems*, Australas. J. Combin. 32 (2005), 331-338.